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E

Economic and Social Council

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of members of the functional commissions of the Council

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with section V of Economic and Social Council resolution 557 C (XVIII) of 5 August 1954, as amended by the Council's decision of 19 December 1968, the Secretary-General sent a note verbale to Member States, on 31 October 1990, informing them of the forthcoming vacancies in the functional commissions to be filled by the Council at its first regular session of 1991, to be held from 7 to 31 May 1991.

2. Under the terms of Council resolution 1147 (XLI) of 4 August 1966, in 1991 the members of the Statistical Commission, the Population Commission, the Commission for Social Development, the Commission on Human Rights, the Commission on the Status of Women and the Commission on Narcotic Drugs are to be elected on the basis of equitable geographical distribution according to a specified pattern. The Secretary-General, in the annex to his note verbale, indicated the pattern applicable to each of the commissions concerned.

3. With regard to the Commission for Social Development, the Council, by section IV of resolution 1139 (XLI) of 29 July 1966, decided that the Member States elected to the Commission should nominate to serve on the Commission candidates who hold key positions in the planning or execution of national social development policies or other persons qualified to discuss the formulation of social policies in more than one sector of development.

4. With respect to the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, the Council, in its resolution 1983/5 of 24 May 1983, decided to enlarge the membership of the Commission to 40, taking into account the special criteria used in electing members of the Commission and keeping the actual percentage. These criteria were specified by the Council in resolution 845 (XXXII) of 3 August 1961, by which the Council decided that the members of the Commission would be elected (a) from among the

States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies and the parties to the Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs, 1961; (b) with due regard to the adequate representation of countries which were important in the field of the manufacture of narcotic drugs and of countries in which drug addiction or the illicit traffic in narcotic drugs constituted an important problem; and (c) taking into account the principle of equitable geographical distribution.

5. In accordance with section II of Council resolution 845 (XXXII), the Secretary-General, on 31 October 1990, informed the States members of the specialized agencies not Members of the United Nations of the forthcoming vacancies in the Commission on Narcotic Drugs, and invited them to indicate to him by 5 March 1991 whether they would be interested in presenting their candidatures for election to that Commission.

6. The composition of the functional commissions is given in the annex to the present document. The number of members to be elected to each commission from each regional group is indicated.

Annex

MEMBERSHIP OF THE FUNCTIONAL COMMISSIONS IN 1991

Statistical Commission - 24 members

(Term of four years)

Five members from African States

Ghana* (1991), Kenya (1993), Morocco* (1991), Togo (1993), Zambia (1993)

Four members from Asian States

China* (1991), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1992), Japan (1992), Pakistan* (1991)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria* (1991), Czechoslovakia* (1991), Hungary (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1993)

Four members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1993), Brazil (1992), Mexico (1992), Panama* (1991)

Seven members from Western European and other States

Canada (1992), France (1993), Germany (1993), Netherlands (1993), Norway (1992), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1992), United States of America* (1991)

Eight members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Two members from African States

Two members from Asian States

Two members from Eastern European States

One member from Latin American and Caribbean States

One member from Western European and other States

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* Retiring member.

READEX FICHE

Population Commission - 27 members

(Term of four years)

Seven members from African States

Botswana (1993), Egypt (1992), Nigeria* (1991), Rwanda* (1991), Togo* (1991), Uganda (1992), Zambia (1993)

Five members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1992), China (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1993), Iraq* (1991), Japan* (1991)

Three members from Eastern European States

Poland* (1991), Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1993)

Five members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Bolivia* (1991), Brazil (1992), Colombia (1992), Mexico (1993), Panama (1993)

Seven members from Western European and other States

Belgium (1992), France* (1991), Germany (1992), Sweden* (1991), Turkey (1992), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1993), United States of America (1993)

Nine members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Three members from African States

Two members from Asian States

One member from Eastern European States

One member from Latin American and Caribbean States

Two members from Western European and other States

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* Retiring member.

Commission for Social Development - 32 members

(Term of four years)

Eight members from African States

Burundi (1992), Cameroon (1992), Ghana (1994), Guinea (1994), Madagascar (1994), Nigeria (1994), Sudan* (1991), Uganda* (1991)

Six members from Asian States

China (1992), Cyprus (1994), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1994), Iraq* (1991), Pakistan* (1991), Philippines (1992)

Four members from Eastern European States

Poland (1992), Romania* (1991), Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (1994), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991)

Six members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1994), Chile (1992), Dominican Republic (1994), Ecuador (1992), Guatemala* (1991), Haiti* (1991)

Eight members from Western Europe and other States

Austria (1994), Finland (1992), France* (1991), Germany* (1991), Malta (1992), Spain (1992), Sweden (1994), United States of America* (1991)

Eleven members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Two members from African States

Two members from Asian States

Two members from Eastern European States

Two members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Three members from Western European and other States

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* Retiring member.

Commission on Human Rights - 43 members

(Term of three years)

Eleven members from African States

Burundi (1993), Ethiopia* (1991), Gambia (1993), Ghana (1992), Madagascar (1992), Mauritania (1993), Morocco* (1991), Senegal (1992), Somalia (1992), Swaziland* (1991), Zambia (1993)

Nine members from Asian States

Bangladesh* (1991), China (1993), Cyprus* (1991), India* (1991), Indonesia (1993), Iraq (1992), Japan (1993), Pakistan (1992), Philippines (1992)

Five members from Eastern European States

Czechoslovakia (1993), Hungary (1992), Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic* (1991), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991), Yugoslavia (1992)

Eight members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1993), Brazil (1992), Colombia* (1991), Cuba* (1991), Mexico (1992), Panama* (1991), Peru (1993), Venezuela (1993)

Ten members from Western European and other States

Australia (1993), Austria (1993), Belgium* (1991), Canada* (1991), France (1992), Germany (1993), Italy (1992), Portugal (1993), Sweden* (1991), United States of America (1992)

Fourteen members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Three members from African States

Three members from Asian States

Two members from Eastern European States

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Three members from Western European and other States

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* Retiring member.

Commission on the Status of Women - 45 members

(Term of four years)

Thirteen members from African States

Burkina Faso* (1991), Côte d'Ivoire (1994), Egypt (1993), Ghana (1993), Lesotho* (1991), Morocco (1992), Nigeria (1993), Rwanda (1994), Sudan (1992), Uganda (1993), United Republic of Tanzania (1992), Zaire (1994), Zimbabwe (1993)

Eleven members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1994), China* (1991), Cyprus (1993), India (1993), Indonesia (1993), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1993), Japan (1992), Malaysia (1993), Pakistan* (1991), Philippines (1994), Thailand (1992)

Four members from Eastern European States a/

Bulgaria (1994), Poland (1992), Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (1991), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1994)

Nine members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Bahamas (1993), Brazil (1992), Colombia (1992), Costa Rica* (1991), Cuba* (1991), Ecuador (1993), Guatemala* (1991), Jamaica (1993), Mexico (1994)

Eight members from Western European and other States

Austria (1992), Canada (1992), France (1992), Italy (1994), Netherlands (1994), Sweden* (1991), Turkey* (1991), United States of America (1994)

Ten members are to be elected according to the following pattern:

Two members from African States

Two members from Asian States

One member from Eastern European States

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Two members from Western European and other States

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* Retiring member.

a/ By decision 1990/291 of 9 November 1990, the Council elected the Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1991 to fill the seat which became vacant as a result of the accession of the German Democratic Republic to the Federal Republic of Germany on 3 October 1990.

Commission on Narcotic Drugs - 40 members

(Term of four years)

	Term expires on 31 December
Australia	1993
Bahamas	1993
Belgium	1993
Bolivia*	1991
Brazil*	1991
Bulgaria	1993
Canada*	1991
China	1993
Colombia	1993
Côte d'Ivoire*	1991
Denmark*	1991
Ecuador	1993
Egypt*	1991
France*	1991
Gambia	1993
Germany*	1991
Ghana	1993
Hungary	1993
India*	1991
Indonesia	1993
Italy*	1991
Japan	1993

	Term expires on 31 December
Lebanon*	1991
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1993
Madagascar	1991
Malaysia	1993
Mexico	1993
Netherlands*	1991
Pakistan*	1991
Peru*	1991
Poland*	1991
Senegal	1993
Spain	1993
Sweden	1993
Switzerland*	1991
Thailand*	1991
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics	1993
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland	1993
United States of America*	1991
Yugoslavia*	1991

Twenty members are to be elected.

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* Retiring member.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 24 members of the Commission on Human Settlements

Note by the Secretary-General

1. Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 32/162 of 19 December 1977 and 40/202 of 17 December 1985, the Council is to elect, at its first regular session of 1991, 19 members of the Commission on Human Settlements, for a four-year term beginning on 1 January 1992, to fill the vacancies created by the expiration on 31 December 1991 of the terms of the following members: Bangladesh, Botswana, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cyprus, Denmark, Egypt, Germany, Greece, India, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Mexico, Norway, Peru, Poland, Sri Lanka and United Republic of Tanzania.

2. In accordance with paragraph 1 of section II of General Assembly resolution 32/162, the 19 members are to be elected on the following basis:

Five seats for African States;

Five seats for Asian States;

Two seats for Eastern European States;

Three seats for Latin American and Caribbean States;

Four seats for Western European and other States.

3. The Council is also to elect three members from African States and two members from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1994.

4. The membership of the Commission in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

COMMISSION ON HUMAN SETTLEMENTS

(58 members)

Membership in 1991

Sixteen seats for African States a/

Botswana* (1991), Burundi* (1991), Egypt* (1991), Kenya* (1991), Lesotho (1992), Malawi (1992), Nigeria (1994), Sierra Leone (1994), Somalia (1992), Swaziland (1992), Tunisia (1992), United Republic of Tanzania* (1991), Zimbabwe (1994)

Thirteen seats for Asian States b/

Bangladesh* (1991), China (1992), Cyprus* (1991), India* (1991), Indonesia (1992), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1994), Iraq (1992), Japan (1994), Jordan* (1991), Sri Lanka* (1991), Syrian Arab Republic (1992)

Six seats for Eastern European States

Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic* (1991), Hungary (1992), Poland* (1991), Romania (1994), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1994), Yugoslavia (1992)

Ten seats for Latin American and Caribbean States

Antigua and Barbuda (1994), Bolivia (1992), Brazil (1994), Chile (1994), Colombia (1994), Guatemala (1992), Jamaica* (1991), Mexico* (1991), Paraguay (1992), Peru* (1991)

Thirteen seats for Western European and other States

Canada (1992), Denmark* (1991), Finland (1994), France (1992), Germany* (1991), Greece* (1991), Italy (1992), Netherlands (1992), Norway* (1991), Sweden (1992), Turkey (1994), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994), United States of America (1994)

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* Retiring member.

a/ There are three vacancies in this group (see para. 3 above).

b/ There are two vacancies in this group (see para. 3 above).

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 18 members of the Commission on Transnational Corporations

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with its resolution 1913 (LVII) of 5 December 1974, the Council is to elect, at its first regular session of 1991, 16 members from all States to the Commission on Transnational Corporations, for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1992, to fill the vacancies that will occur on 31 December 1991 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Brazil, Costa Rica, Cuba, Cyprus, Gabon, Indonesia, Mexico, Netherlands, Norway, Pakistan, Swaziland, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America and Zaire.

2. Taking account of the distribution of seats in the Commission set out in Council resolution 1913 (LVII), the 16 members will be elected according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;

Three members from Asian States;

One member from Eastern European States;

Four members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Four members from Western European and other States.

3. In addition, the Council will be called upon to elect one member from Latin American and Caribbean States and one member from Western European and other States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1993 whose election had been postponed from previous sessions.

4. The membership of the Commission in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

COMMISSION ON TRANSNATIONAL CORPORATIONS

(48 members)

Membership in 1991

Twelve members from African States

Burundi (1993), Egypt (1992), Gabon* (1991), Ghana (1993), Kenya (1993), Sierra Leone (1992), Swaziland* (1991), Tunisia (1992), United Republic of Tanzania* (1991), Zaire* (1991), Zambia (1993), Zimbabwe (1992)

Eleven members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1993), China (1992), Cyprus* (1991), India (1993), Indonesia* (1991), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1992), Iraq (1993), Japan (1992), Pakistan* (1991), Philippines (1992), Republic of Korea (1993)

Five members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1993), Czechoslovakia (1992), Poland (1993), Romania (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991)

Ten members from Latin American and Caribbean States a/

Argentina (1992), Brazil* (1991), Chile (1993), Colombia (1993), Costa Rica* (1991), Cuba* (1991), Mexico* (1991), Peru (1992), Uruguay (1992)

Ten members from Western European and other States a/

Belgium (1993), France (1992), Germany (1992), Italy (1993), Netherlands* (1991), Norway* (1991), Switzerland (1992), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1991), United States of America* (1991)

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* Retiring member.

a/ There is one vacancy in this group (see para. 3 above).

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 22 members of the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with its resolutions 1982/67 of 27 October 1982 and 1985/71 of 26 July 1985, the Economic and Social Council is to elect, at its first regular session of 1991, 16 members of the Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting, for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1992, to fill the vacancies that will occur on 31 December 1991 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Argentina, Chile, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Germany, Hungary, India, Italy, Japan, Jordan, Malawi, Netherlands, Nigeria, Peru, Uganda and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The Council is also to elect, for the same term, one member from African States to fill a vacancy not previously filled by the Council.

2. On the basis of the provisions of Council resolution 1982/67, the 17 members are therefore to be elected according to the following pattern:

Four members from African States;

Four members from Asian States;

Two members from Eastern European States;

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Four members from Western European and other States.

3. In addition, the Council is to elect the following members whose election had been postponed from previous sessions: (a) three members from African States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1993; (b) one member from Asian States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring

on 31 December 1993; (c) one member from Latin American and Caribbean States for a term beginning on the date of election and expiring on 31 December 1993.

4. The composition of the Working Group in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

INTERGOVERNMENTAL WORKING GROUP OF EXPERTS ON INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS OF ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING

(34 members)

Membership in 1991

Nine members from African States a/

Kenya (1993), Malawi* (1991), Morocco (1993), Nigeria* (1991), Uganda* (1991)

Seven members from Asian States b/

China (1993), Cyprus* (1991), India* (1991), Japan* (1991), Jordan* (1991), Thailand (1993)

Three members from Eastern European States

Czechoslovakia* (1991), Hungary* (1991), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1993)

Six members from Latin American and Caribbean States b/

Argentina* (1991), Brazil (1993), Chile* (1991), Mexico (1993), Peru* (1991)

Nine members from Western European and other States

France (1993), Germany* (1991), Italy* (1991), Netherlands* (1991), Spain (1993), Sweden (1993), Switzerland (1993), Turkey (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1991)

Notes

* Retiring member.

a/ There are four vacancies in this group (see paras. 1 and 3 above).

b/ There is one vacancy in this group (see para. 3 above).

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 21 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund

Note by the Secretary-General

1. The General Assembly, by its resolution 36/244, decided, inter alia, to enlarge the membership of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund to 41 members, to be elected from States Members of the United Nations or members of the specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency, subject to the following conditions:

(a) Nine seats for African States;

(b) Nine seats for Asian States;

(c) Four seats for Eastern European States;

(d) Six seats for Latin American and Caribbean States;

(e) Twelve seats for Western European and other States;

(f) One seat to be rotated among the five regional groups, in the following order: African States, Latin American and Caribbean States, Asian States, Western European and other States, Eastern European States.

2. Pursuant to the same resolution, the Council is required to elect, at its first regular session of 1991, 21 members of the Executive Board of the United Nations Children's Fund, for a three-year term beginning on 1 August 1991, to fill the vacancies that will occur on 31 July 1991 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Bangladesh, Bolivia, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Egypt, France, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Nicaragua, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, Sao Tome and Principe, Sudan, Sweden, Uganda, Union of

Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America. The seat to be rotated among the five regional groups, which was allocated to Asian States in 1988, will be allocated to Western European and other States for a full three-year term at the forthcoming election.

3. In the light of the distribution of seats provided for in paragraph 1 of Assembly resolution 36/244, the 21 members will be elected on the following basis:

Six members from African States;

Four members from Asian States;

Two members from Eastern European States;

Three members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Six members from Western European and other States.

4. The current membership of the Executive Board is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND

(41 members)

Membership from 1 August 1990

Nine seats for African States

Cameroon* (1991), Egypt* (1991), Liberia (1993), Nigeria* (1991), Sao Tome and Principe* (1991), Sierra Leone (1993), Sudan* (1991), Uganda* (1991), Zimbabwe (1992)

Ten seats for Asian States (nine seats and the seat rotated among the five regional groups) a/

Bangladesh* (1991), China (1992), India (1993), Indonesia (1993), Japan* (1991), Oman* (1991), Pakistan* (1991), Republic of Korea* (1991), Sri Lanka (1993), Thailand (1992)

Four seats for Eastern European States

Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic* (1991), Czechoslovakia (1993), Poland (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991)

Six seats for Latin American and Caribbean States

Barbados (1992), Bolivia* (1991), Mexico* (1991), Nicaragua* (1991), Peru (1992), Uruguay (1993)

Twelve seats for Western European and other States

Canada (1992), Denmark (1993), Finland (1992), France* (1991), Germany (1992), Italy* (1991), Netherlands (1992), Spain (1993), Sweden* (1991), Switzerland (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland* (1991), United States of America* (1991)

Notes

* Retiring member.

a/ See paras. 1 (f) and 2 above.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Election of 16 members of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme

Note by the Secretary-General

1. Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 2813 (XXVI) and Economic and Social Council decision 1986/150, the Council is required to elect, at its first regular session of 1991, 16 members of the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme from among States Members of the United Nations or members of specialized agencies or of the International Atomic Energy Agency, for a three-year term beginning on the first day of the organizational meeting of the Governing Council in February 1992. The terms of the following members will expire on the day preceding the organizational meeting of the Governing Council in February 1992: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Cyprus, France, Guinea-Bissau, Kenya, Mozambique, Pakistan, Philippines, Romania, Sao Tome and Principe, Spain, Sweden and Zaire.

2. On the basis of the provisions of paragraph 1 of Assembly resolution 2813 (XXVI), the 16 members will be elected according to the following pattern:

Five members from African States;

Three members from Asian States and Yugoslavia;

One member from Eastern European States;

One member from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Six members from Western European and other States.

3. The current membership of the Governing Council is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

GOVERNING COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME IN 1991

(48 members)

1. Twenty-seven seats for developing countries, allocated as follows:

(a) Eleven seats for African States

Algeria (1994), Djibouti (1993), Ghana (1994), Guinea-Bissau* (1992), Kenya* (1992), Mauritania (1993), Mozambique* (1992), Nigeria (1993), Sao Tome and Principe* (1992), Zaire* (1992), Zimbabwe (1994)

(b) Nine seats for Asian States and Yugoslavia

China (1994), Cyprus* (1992), India (1993), Indonesia (1994), Kuwait (1994), Malaysia (1993), Pakistan* (1992), Philippines* (1992), Sri Lanka (1993)

(c) Seven seats for Latin American and Caribbean States

Brazil* (1992), Cuba (1994), Guyana (1993), Nicaragua (1994), Saint Lucia (1994), Uruguay (1993), Venezuela (1993)

2. Twenty-one seats for economically more advanced countries, allocated as follows:

(a) Seventeen seats for Western European and other States

Australia* (1992), Austria (1994), Belgium* (1992), Canada* (1992), Denmark (1993), Finland (1994), France* (1992), Germany (1993), Italy (1994), Japan (1994), Netherlands (1993), Portugal (1993), Spain* (1992), Sweden* (1992), Switzerland (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1994), United States of America (1994)

(b) Four seats for Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1993), Poland (1993), Romania* (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (1994)

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* Retiring member.

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ELECTIONS AND NOMINATIONS

Election of five members of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes

Note by the Secretary-General

1. Pursuant to General Assembly resolution 3404 (XXX), the Economic and Social Council is to elect five members of the Committee on Food Aid Policies and Programmes, for a three-year term beginning on 1 January 1992, to fill the vacancies created by the expiration on 31 December 1991 of the terms of the following members: Colombia, Cuba, Denmark, Niger and United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. The members are to be elected from among States Members of the United Nations or members of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, taking into account the need for the balanced representation of economically developed and developing countries and other relevant factors, such as the representation of potential participating countries, both contributing and recipient, equitable geographical distribution and the representation of both developed and developing countries having commercial interests in international trade in foodstuffs, especially those highly dependent on such trade.

2. The membership of the Committee in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

COMMITTEE ON FOOD AID POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES

(30 members)

Membership in 1991

Members elected by the Economic and Social Council	Term expires on 31 December	Members elected by the FAO Council	Term expires on 31 December
Belgium	1993	Australia	1992
Colombia*	1991	Bangladesh	1992
Cuba*	1991	Brazil	1993
Denmark*	1991	Burundi	1993
Egypt	1993	Canada	1992
Finland	1992	China	1993
Hungary	1992	Congo	1991
India	1992	France	1991
Italy	1992	Germany	1991
Japan	1993	Guinea	1992
Niger*	1991	Mexico	1991
Pakistan	1993	Netherlands	1993
Sudan	1992	United Republic of Tanzania	1993
Sweden	1993	United States of America	1992
United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland*	1991	Zambia	1991

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* Retiring member.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Nomination of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 2008 (LX) and General Assembly decision 42/450, the Council is required to nominate seven members for election by the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session to fill the vacancies in the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination that will occur on 31 December 1991 upon the expiration of the terms of the following members: Bahamas, Benin, France, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United States of America, Venezuela and Zambia. The term is three years, beginning on 1 January 1992.

2. The Council is reminded that the General Assembly, in section III of its resolution 3392 (XXX) on the review of the intergovernmental and expert machinery dealing with the formulation, review and approval of programmes and budgets, encouraged Member States to be represented in the Committee for Programme and Co-ordination at an adequate level in order to raise the expertise of the Committee.

3. In accordance with General Assembly decision 42/450, the vacancies are to be filled as follows:

Two members from African States;

One member from Eastern European States;

Two members from Latin American and Caribbean States;

Two members from Western European and other States.

4. The membership of the Committee in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

COMMITTEE FOR PROGRAMME AND CO-ORDINATION

(34 members)

Membership in 1991

Nine members from African States

Algeria (1992), Benin* (1991), Burundi (1993), Cameroon (1992), Congo (1993), Morocco (1992), Nigeria (1993), Uganda (1993), Zambia* (1991)

Seven members from Asian States

China (1992), India (1993), Indonesia (1993), Iraq (1993), Japan (1992), Pakistan (1993), Sri Lanka (1992)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1993), Poland (1993), Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic (1993), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991)

Seven members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1992), Bahamas* (1991), Brazil (1993), Chile (1993), Colombia (1993), Trinidad and Tobago (1993), Venezuela* (1991)

Seven members from Western European and other States

France* (1991), Germany (1993), Italy (1993), Netherlands (1993), Norway (1993), United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (1993), United States of America* (1991)

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* Retiring member.

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ELECTIONS, NOMINATIONS AND APPOINTMENTS

Nomination of 12 members of the World Food Council

Note by the Secretary-General

1. In accordance with paragraph 8 of General Assembly resolution 3348 (XXIX), the Council is required to nominate 12 members for election by the General Assembly at its forty-sixth session to fill the vacancies in the World Food Council that will occur as a result of the expiration on 31 December 1991 of the terms of the following members: Australia, Cape Verde, Cyprus, Ecuador, Germany, Guatemala, Niger, Paraguay, Syrian Arab Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Yugoslavia and Zimbabwe. The term is three years, beginning on 1 January 1992.

2. On the basis of the distribution of seats in the World Food Council decided upon by the General Assembly, the vacancies are to be filled as follows:

- Three seats for African States;
- Two seats for Asian States;
- Two seats for Eastern European States;
- Three seats for Latin American and Caribbean States;
- Two seats for Western European and other States.

3. The membership of the World Food Council in 1991 is given in the annex to this document.

Annex

WORLD FOOD COUNCIL

(36 members)

Membership in 1991

Nine members from African States

Burundi (1992), Cape Verde* (1991), Egypt (1992), Gambia (1993), Kenya (1993), Lesotho (1993), Niger* (1991), Rwanda (1992), Zimbabwe* (1991)

Eight members from Asian States

Bangladesh (1993), China (1993), Cyprus* (1991), Iran (Islamic Republic of) (1992), Japan (1992), Nepal (1993), Syrian Arab Republic* (1991), Yemen (1992)

Four members from Eastern European States

Bulgaria (1993), Hungary (1992), Union of Soviet Socialist Republics* (1991), Yugoslavia* (1991)

Seven members from Latin American and Caribbean States

Argentina (1992), Colombia (1993), Ecuador* (1991), Guatemala* (1991), Mexico (1993), Paraguay* (1991), Peru (1992)

Eight members from Western European and other States

Australia* (1991), Canada (1993), Denmark (1992), France (1992), Germany* (1991), Italy (1992), Turkey (1993), United States of America (1993).

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* Retiring member.